JIS G3458 Alloy Steel Pipes

1. Scope

This Japanese Industrial Standard specifies the alloy steel pipes, hereinafter referred to as the "pipes", mainly used form high temperature service.

Remarks

1. When previously agreed upon by the manufacturer, the purchaser may designate part or all of the supplementary quality requirements Z 2, Z 3 and Z 4 specified in Appendix, in addition to the items specified in this text.

Appendix Z 2 Elevated Temperature Yield Point or Proof Stress

Appendix Z 3 Ultrasonic Examination

Appemdix Z 4 Eddy current Examination

2. The units and numerical values given in { } in this Standard are based on the International System of Units (SI) and are appended for informative reference.

Further, the traditional units accompanied by numerical values in this Standard shall be converted to the SI and numerical values on Jan. 1, 1991.

2. Grade and designation

The pipe shall be classified into seven grades and their letter symbols shall be as given in Table 1.

Table 1. Letter Symbol of Grade

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Letter Symbol of Grade	
Molybdenum steel pipe	STPA 12
	STPA 20
Chromium-molybdenum steel pipe	STPA 22
	STPA 23
	STPA 24
	STPA 25
	STPA 26

World standard Comferens Table

KS		ASTM		JIS		DIN		BS		
Grade number	GRADE	Grade number	GRADE	Grade number	GRADE	Grade number	GRADE	Grade number GRADE		
D 3573	SPA 12	A335	P 1	G-3458	STPA12	17175	15Mo3	-	-	

Г		<u> </u>	The state of the s		1	ı	
							HFS660
	SPA 20	P 2	STPA20	-	_		CFS660
							ERW660
							CEW660
							HFS620-460
							620-440
							CFS620-460
	SPA 22	P 12	STPA22	17175	13Cr Mo44		620-440
	JI A 22	F 12	STIMZZ	17173	IJOI WU44		ERW620-460
						2404	620-440
						3604	CEW620-460
							620-440
							HFS621
	CDA 22	D 11	CTDAGG				CFS621
	SPA 23	P 11	STPA23	-	-		ERW621
							CEW621
							HFS622
	SPA 24	P 22	STPA24	17175	10Cr Mo910		CFS622
							HFS625
	SPA 25	P 5	STPA25	-	-		CFS625
	SPA 26	P 9	STPA26	<u> </u>	_	_	_
	0.7.20		011 N20				
		P 5b					
		P 5c					
		P 15					
		P 91					

3. Method of Manufacture

- 3.1 The pipe manufacture shall be as follows.
- 3.2 The pipe shall be subjected to the heat treatment specified in Table 2. The heat treatment not specified in Table 2 shall be agreed upon by the purchaser and the

manufacturer.

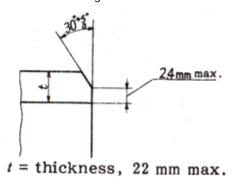
Table 2

	TI.
Letter symbol of grade	Heat treatment
STPA 12	
STPA 20	Low temperature annealing isothermal annealing, full annealing, normalizing full annealing, normalizing or normalizing followed by tempering
STPA 22	
STPA 23	Low temperature annealing, isothermal annealing, full annealing or normalizing followed by tempering
STPA 24	
STPA 25	Isothermal annealing, full annealing or normalizing followed by tempering
STPA 26	

Remark.

The tempering temperature for grade STPA23, STPA24, STPA25 and STPA26 shall be 650n or higher.

- 3.3 When required by the purchaser, the pipe may be furnished with the bevel end(1)
- (1) Unless otherwise specified, the shape of the bevel end shall be as shown in Fig. 1.



4. Chemical Composition

The pipe shall be tested in accordance with 9.1 and the resulting ladle analysis values shall conform to Table 3.

Letter symbol of grade	Chemical Composition	%						
Letter symbol of grade	С	Si	Mn	Р	s	Cr	Мо	
STPA 12	0.10~0.20	0.10~0.50	0.30~0.80	0.035 max.	0.035 max.	-	0.45~0.65	
STPA 20	0.10~0.20	0.10~0.50	0.30~0.60	0.035 max.	0.035 max.	0.50~0.80	0.45~0.65	
STPA 22	0.15max. 0.		0.30~0.60	0.035 max.	0.035 max.	0.80~1.25	0.45~0.65	
STPA 23	0.15max.	0.50~1.00	0.30~0.60	0.030 max.	0.030 max.	1.00~1.50	0.45~0.65	
STPA 24	0.15max.	0.50 max.	0.30~0.60	0.030 max.	0.030 max.	1.90~2.60	0.87~1.13	
STPA 25	0.15max.	0.50 max.	0.30~0.60	0.030 max.	0.030 max.	4.00~6.00	0.45~0.65	
STPA 26	0.15max.	0.25~1.00	0.30~0.60	0.030 max.	0.030 max.	8.00~10.00	0.90~1.10	

When product analysis is required by the purchaser, the values of chemical composition given in the above table shall be applied.

5. Mechanical Properties

5.1 Tensile Strength, Yield Point or Proof Stress and Elongation

The pipe shall be tested in accordance with 9.2 and the resulting tensile strength, yield point or proof stress and elongation shall comply with Table 4.

Table 4 Mechanical Properties

Letter symbol of grade	Tensile strength	Yield point or proof stress	Elongation %								
Letter symbol or grade	kgf/mm² {N/mm²}	kgf/mm² {N/mm²}	No. 11 or No.12 test piece	No. 5 test piece	No.4 test piece						
	kgi/iiiii {iv/iiiii	Kgi/iiiii {iWiiiii	Longitudinal	Transverse	Longitudinal	Transverse					
STPA 12	39{382}min.	21{206} min.	30 min.	25 min.	24 min.	19 min.					
STPA 20	42{412}min.	21{206} min.	30 min.	25 min.	24 min.	19 min.					
STPA 22	42{412}min.	21{206} min.	30 min.	25 min.	24 min.	19 min.					
STPA 23	42{412}min.	21{206} min.	30 min.	25 min.	24 min.	19 min.					
STPA 24	42{412}min.	21{206} min.	30 min.	25 min.	24 min.	19 min.					
STPA 25	42{412}min.	21{206} min.	30 min.	25 min.	24 min.	19 min.					
STPA 26	42{412}min.	21{206} min.	30 min.	25 min.	24 min.	19 min.					

- 1. When tensile test is carried out on No. 12 or No. 5 test piece for the pipe under 8mm in wall thickness, the minimum value of elongation shall be calculated by subtracting 1.5 % from the values of elongation given in Table 4 for each 1mm decrease in wall thickness, and rounding off to an integer in accordance with JIS Z 8401. Examples of calculation are given in Reference Table.
- 2. The value of elongation given in Table 4 shall not be applied to the pipe whose outside diameter is under 40mm. However, the value of elongation shall be recorded.

 Reference Table Calculation Examples of Elongation Applied to No. 12 (longitudinal) and No. 5 (Transverse) Test Pieces for pipe under 8mm in Wall Thickness

			Elongation value relating to wall thickness %										
Lette grade	,	f Shape of test piece	Over 7mm, up to 8mm	to and incl.	Over 5mm, up to			Over 2mm up to and incl. 3mm	Over 1mm, up to and incl. 2mm				
All gr	-ade	No.12 test piece	30	28	27	26	24	22	21				
All gi	aue	No.5 test piece	25 24		22	20	19	18	16				

5.2 Flattening Resistance The pipe shall be tested in accordance with 9.3 and the pipe shall be free from flaws or cracks on its wall surfaces. The distance between the flattening plates in this test shall be in accordance with the following formula.

$$H = \frac{(1 + e)t}{e + \frac{t}{D}}$$

Where H: distance between flattening plates(mm)

t: wall thickness of pipe(mm)

D: outside diameter of pipe(mm)

e: constant, 0.08

6. Hydrostatic Characteristic or Nondestructive Characteristic

The pipe shall be tested in accordance with 9.4 and the resulting hydrostatic characteristic or nondestructive characteristic shall conform to either of the following two. The preference shall be in accordance with the designation made by the purchaser or left to the discretion of the manufacturer.

6.1 Hydrostatic Characteristic (Applicable till the end of 1990)

When the hydrostatic pressure specified by the purchaser or, unless otherwise specified, the values given in Attached Table 1 is applied, the pipe shall withstand it without leakage. In this case, the purchaser may specify values of pressure lower or higher than those given in Attached Table 1.

When a hydrostatic pressure test is made in compliance with the designation of the purchaser and the test pressure exceeds either 200 kgf/cm² {196 bar} or the value P calculated from the following formula, the test pressure shall be agreed upon by the purchaser and the manufacturer. The designated hydrostatic test pressure shall be graduated in 5 kgf/cm² {4.9 bar}.

The value P in the following formula shall be obtained by computing to the unit digit and rounding off to the nearest 5 kgf/cm² {4.9 bar}.

P=200st / D

Where

P: test pressure [kgf/cm² {10⁻¹bar(²)}

t: wall thickness of pipe (mm)

D: outside diameter of pipe(mm)

s: 60 % of the minimum value of yield point or proof stress specified in Table 3 (kgf/m²{N/m²})

Note $(^{2})$ 1bar = 10^{5} Pa

6.2 Nondestructive Characteristic

Either and ultrasonic examination or an eddy current examination shall be made on the pipe, and there shall be no signal greater than those produced by the artificial defects of the reference test block which is the division UD of the working sensitivity specified in JIS G 0582 or the division EY of the working sensitivity specified in JIS G 0583, respectively.

7. Appearance

- 7.1 The pipe shall be practically straight, and its both ends shall be at right angles to its axis.
- 7.2 The inside and outside surfaces of the pipe shall be well-finished and free from defects detrimental to practical use.

8. Dimensions, Mass and Dimensional Tolerances

8.1 Dimensions and Mass

The outside diameter, wall thickness and mass of the pipe shall be as specified in Attached Table 2.

8.2 Dimensional Tolerances

The tolerances on outside diameter, wall thickness and deviation in wall thickness of the pipe shall be as specified in Table 5.

Further, in the case where the pipe length is specified, the tolerances shall be on the plus side.

Table 5 Tolerances on Outside Diameter, Wall Thickness and Deviation in Wall Thickness

Division	Tolerances on outside diameter	Tolerances on wall thickness	Tolerance on deviation in wall thickness
	Up to 50mm 【0.5mm		
Hot	50mm and over, up to 160mm 【1%		
finished	160mm and over, up to 200mm 【1.6mm	≤Up to 4mm 【0.5mm	Up to and incl. 20% of wall thickness
II	200mm and over 【0.8 %	≤4mm and over 【12.5%	·
steel pipe	However, for pipes 350mm and over in diameter, the length of circumference may substitute as		
	a basis for the tolerances. In this case, the tolerances shall be 【 0.5%.		

Cold	Up to 40mm 【0.4mm	
finished	40mm and over 【0.8%	≤Up to 2mm 【 0.2mm
seamless	However, for pipes 350mm and over in diameter, the length of circumference may substitute as	≤2mm and over 【10%
steel pipe	a basis for tolerances. Inthis case, the tolerances shall be 【0.5%	

- 1. The deviation in wall thickness means the ratio of the difference between the maximum and the minimum of the measured thickness of a wall in the same section to the specified wall thickness. This shall not be applied to pipes under 5.6mm in wall thickness.
- 2. When the length of circumference is used as f basis for the tolerances, either the measured value of the length of circumference itself or the outside diameter derived from the measured value may be used as the criteria. In both cases, the same value [0.5 % shall be applied as the tolerances. The diameter (D) and the length of circumference (I) shall be calculated reversibly from the following formula.

$$I = \div D$$
 Where $\div = 3.1416$

3. In the case where compliance with the tolerances on wall thickness in the above table is clearly confirmed in such a local portion as under repairs, the tolerances on the outside diameter in the above table shall not be applied.

9. Test

- 9.1 Chemical Analysis
- 9.1.1 Chemical Analysis

General matters of chemical analysis and method of sampling specimens for analysis shall be in accordance with 3. in JIS G 0303.

9.1.2 Analytical The analytical method shall be in accordance with one of the following Standards.

JIS G 1217

JIS G 1253

JIS G 1256

JIS G 1257

JIS G 1214

JIS G 1215

JIS G 1211

JIS G 1212

JIS G 1213

JIS G 1218

9.2 Tensile Test

9.2.1 Test Piece

The test specimen shall be No. 11, No. 12 A, No. 12 B, No. 12 C, No. 4 or No. 5 test piece specified in JIS Z 2201 and shall be cut off from the end of a pipe. In this case, the gauge length for No.4 test piece shall be 50mm

9.2.2 Test Method

The test method shall be in accordance with JIS Z 2241.

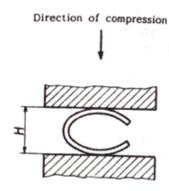
9.3 Flattening Test

9.3.1 Test Piece

A test piece 50mm or over in length shall be cut off from the end of a pipe. For the pipe whose wall thickness is 15 % or over of its outside diameter, C-shape test piece made by removing part of circumference of a whole test piece may be used.

9.3.2 Test Method

The test piece shall be placed between two flat plates and flattened by compression in ordinary temperature until the distance between the plates comes to the specified value, and checked for the occurrence of flaws or crack on its wall surface. The C-shape test piece, however, shall be placed as shown in Fig. 2.



9.4 Hydrostatic Test or Nondestructive Examination

Either the hydrostatic test or the nondestructive examination shall be made in accordance with 9.4.1 or 9.4.2, respectively.

- 9.4.1 The pipe shall be subjected to hydrostatic-pressure and kept at the specified pressure to see if it withstands the pressure without leakage.
- 9.4.2 The test method of nondestructive examination shall be in accordance with either JIS G 0592 or JIS G 0583.

10. Inspection

- 10.1 General matters of inspection shall be as specified in JIS G 0303.
- 10.2 The chemical composition, mechanical properties, hydrostatic or nondestructive characteristic, dimensions and appearance shall conform to 3., 4., 5., 6. and 7. However, appropriate nondestructive examinations other than those specified in 9.4 (2) may substitute for the said nondestructive examination when agreed upon by the purchaser and the manufacturer.

Further, when the supplementary quality requirements given in Appendix are specified by agreement between the purchaser and the manufacturer, the results of inspection shall conform to the relevant requirements specified in Z 2, Z 3 and Z 4.

10.3 Either the hydrostatic test or the nondestructive examination shall be performed for each pipe.

10.4 The number of specimens for the product analysis shall be agreed upon by the purchaser and the manufacturer.

10.5 The method of sampling test specimens and the number of test pieces for tensile test and flattening test shall be as follows. Take one pipe as the specimen from each 50 pipes or its fraction which are subjected to a concurrent heat treatment, and then from the test specimen take one tensile test piece and one flattening test piece.

11.Reinspection

The pipe may be retested in accordance with 4.4 in JIS G 0303 for final acceptance.

12. Marking

Each pipe has passed the inspection shall be marked with the following items. However, in the case of either smaller pipes or a request from the purchaser, the pipes may be bundled together and marked for each bundle by suitable means. In both cases, the order of arranging the items is not specified.

When approved by the purchaser, part of the items may be omitted.

- (1) Letter symbol of grade
- (2) Letter symbol indicating the manufacturing process (3)
- (3) Dimensions (4)
- (4) Manufacturer's name or its abbreviation
- (5) Letter symbol denoting the supplementary quality requirement, Z

Notes (3)

The letter symbol denoting the manufacturing process shall be as follows. The dash may be replaced by a blank.

Hot finished seamless steel pipe: -S-H

Cold finished seamless steel pipe: -S-C

Notes (4)

The dimensions shall be expressed as follows.

Nominal diameter X nominal wall thickness or

outside diameter X wall thickness

Example: 50A × 40

13. Report

The manufacturer shall, as a rule, submit to the purchaser the report on the test results, method of manufacturing conditions, etc.

Attached Table 1 Hydrostatic Test Pressure Unit: kgf/P{bar}

Schedule number Sch	10	20	30	40	60	80	100	120	140	160
Schedule number Sch Hydrostatic test pressure	20	35	50	60	90	120	150	180	200	200
	{20}	{34}	{49}	{59}	{88}	{118}	{147}	{176}	{196}	{196}

Remark

For the pipe whose dimension is not given in Attached Table 2, the hydrostatic test pressure shall conform to the following table depending on the division of the ratio of the wall thickness to outside diameter of the pipe (t / D).

t / D %	Over 0.80, up to	Over 1.60, up to	Over 2.40, up to	Over 3.20, up to	Over 4.00, up to	Over 4.80, up to	Over 5.60, up to	Over 6.30 up to		Over 7.90
	and incl. 1.60	and incl. 2.40	and incl. 3.20	and incl. 4.00	and incl. 4.80	and incl. 5.60	and incl. 6.30	and incl. 7.10	and incl. 7.90	0 (01 7.70
Hydrostatic test							140	160	180	200
pressure	20 {20}	40 {39}	60 {59}	80 {79}	100 {98}	120 {118}	{137}		180 {176}	200 {196}
kgf/P{bar}							(137)	(157)	(170)	(170)

Attached Table 2. Dimensions and Mass for Alloy Steel Pipes

Nom			Nominal	wall thick	ness																	
dia.		Outside dia.	Schedule	10	Schedule	20	Schedule	30	Schedule	40	Schedule	60	Schedule	e 80	Schedule	100	Schedule	120	Schedule	e 140	Schedule	e 160
					Wall	Unit	Wall	Unit	Wall	Unit			Wall	Unit	Wall	Unit	Wall	Unit	Wall	Unit	Wall	Unit
Α	В	mm	thick.	mass	thick.	mass	thick.	mass	thick.	mass	thick.	mass	thick.	mass	thick.	mass	thick.	mass	thick.	mass	thick.	mass
			mm	kg/m	mm	kg/m	mm	kg/m	mm	kg/m	mm	kg/m	mm	kg/m	mm	kg/m	mm	kg/m	mm	kg/m	mm	kg/m
6	1/8	10.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.7	0.369	-	-	2.4	0.479	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	1/4	13.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.2	0.629	-	-	3.0	0.799	_		-	-	-	-	-	-
10	3/8	17.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.3	0.851	-	-	3.2	1.11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	1/2	21.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.8	1.31	-	-	3.7	1.64	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.7	1.97
20	3/4	27.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.9	1.74	-	-	3.9	2.24	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.5	2.94
25	1	34.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.4	2.57	-	-	4.5	3.27	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.4	4.36
32	1 1/4	42.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.6	3.47	-	-	4.9	4.57	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.4	5.73
40	1 1/2	48.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.7	4.10	-	-	5.1	5.47	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.1	7.27
50	2	60.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.9	5.44	-	-	5.5	7.46	_	-	-	-	-	-	8.7	11.1

65	2 1/2	76.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.2	9.12	-	-	7.0	12.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.5	15.6
80	3	89.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.5	11.3	-	-	7.6	15.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.1	21.4
90	3 1/2	101.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.7	13.5	-	-	8.1	18.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	12.7	27.8
100	4	114.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.0	16.0	-	-	8.6	22.4	-	-	11.1	28.2	-	-	13.5	33.6
125	5	139.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.6	21.7	-	-	9.5	30.5	-	-	12.7	39.8	-	-	15.9	48.6
150	6	165.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.1	27.7	-	-	11.0	41.8	-	-	14.3	53.2	-	-	18.2	66.0
200	8	216.3	-	-	6.4	33.1	7.0	36.1	8.2	42.1	10.3	52.3	12.7	63.8	15.1	74.9	18.2	88.9	20.6	99.4	23.0	110
250	10	267.4	-	-	6.4	41.2	7.8	49.9	9.3	59.2	12.7	79.8	15.1	93.9	18.2	112	21.4	130	25.4	152	28.6	168
300	12	318.5	-	-	6.4	49.3	8.4	64.2	10.3	78.3	14.3	107	17.4	129	21.4	157	25.4	184	28.6	204	33.3	234
350	14	355.6	6.4	55.1	7.9	67.7	9.5	81.1	11.1	94.3	15.1	127	19.0	158	23.8	195	27.8	225	31.8	254	35.7	282
400	16	406.4	6.4	63.1	7.9	77.6	9.5	93.0	12.7	123	16.7	160	21.4	203	26.2	246	30.9	286	36.5	333	40.5	365
450	18	457.2	6.4	71.1	7.9	87.5	11.1	122	14.3	156	19.0	205	23.8	254	29.4	310	34.9	363	39.7	409	45.2	459
500	20	508.0	6.4	79.2	9.5	117	12.7	155	15.1	184	20.6	248	26.2	311	32.5	381	38.1	441	44.4	508	50.0	565
550	22	558.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	15.9	213	22.2	294	28.6	374	34.9	451	41.3	527	47.6	600	54.0	672
600	24	609.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	17.5	256	24.6	355	31.0	442	38.9	547	46.0	639	52.4	720	59.5	807
650	26	660.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	18.9	299	26.4	413	34.0	525	41.6	635	49.1	740	56.6	843	64.2	944

- 1. The designation of the pipe shall be based on the nominal diameter and the nominal wall thickness (schedule number: Sch). However, for the nominal diameter, either A or B shall be used, and the letter A or B shall be suffixed to the figures of nominal diameter, respectively, for identification.
- 2. Calculate the value of mass from the following formula assuming 1 cm³ of steel to be 7.85g and round off the result to 3 significant figures in accordance with JIS Z 8401. However, the values in excess of 1000kg/m shall be rounded off to whole numbers in kg/m.

Where

W: unit mass of pipe(kg/m)

t: wall thickness of pipe(mm)

D: outside diameter of pipe(mm)

3. When dimensions other than those given in the above table are necessary, agreement shall be made between the purchaser and the manufacturer.

Appendix. Supplementary Quality Requirements

The supplementary quality requirements shall apply only when requested by the purchaser, and shall be executed by the manufacturer on the designated items.

- **Z2** Elevated Temperature Yield Point or Proof Stress
- Z2.1 The value of elevated temperature yield point or proof stress and the testing temperature of the pipe shall be agreed upon by the purchaser and the manufacturer..
- Z2.2 The test piece and the test method shall be as specified JIS G 0567.

However, when it is practically difficult to take the test piece specified in JIS G 0567, the shape of the test piece shall be agreed upon by the purchaser and the manufacturer.

- Z2.3 The method of sampling the test specimens and the number of test pieces shall be as follows. Take one test specimen for each lot of the same heat charge, and then from one test specimen take one test piece for each olt of the same testing temperature.
- **Z3** Ultrasonic Examination
- Z3.1 The criteria of the working sensitivity in the ultrasonic examination shall be the division UB or UC specified in JIS G 0582, and there shall be no signal greater than those produced by the artificial defects of the reference test block.
- Z3.2 The test method of the ultrasonic examination shall be as specified in JIS G 0582
- Z3.3 The ultrasonic examination shall be performed for each pipe and the results shall conform to the requirements specified in (1).
- **Z4 Eddy Current Examination**
- Z4.1 The criteria of the working sensitivity in the eddy current examination shall be the division EV, EW, or EX specified in JIS G 0583, and there shall be no signal greater than those produced by the artificial defects of the reference test block.
- Z4.2 The test method of the eddy current examination shall be as specified in JIS G 0583.
- Z4.3 The eddy current examination shall be performed for each pipe and the results shall conform to the requirements specified in (1).

Material Comparison Tables (ASTM, KS, JIS, DIN, BS, NBN, NF, UNI)

		KOREA/J <i>A</i>	PANES		GERMAN				BRITISH			FRENCH		
ASTM Standard		KS/JIS	KS/JIS			DIN	Material		B.S	200		AFNOR	NF	
		Symbol	Number	Remarks	DIN Type	Number	Number	Remarks	Number	B.S Grade		Туре	Number	Remarks
A 335 Seamless Ferritic														
Alloy Steel Pipe for High														
Temperature Service														
P1	K11522	SPA 12 /			16Mo5		1.5423	(20)			(2)	TU 15 D 3	A40 212	
P 1		STPA 12		(16)	TOIVIOS		1.3423	(3a)			(3)	10 15 0 3	H49-213	
P5		SPA 25 /			120-Ma10E		1 72/2	WDI E00(2h)	2/04	THE (AF		TU Z12		
25	K41545	STPA 25		(16)	12CrMo195		1.7362	WBL-590(3b)	3604	FHS 625	CAT.2	CD 5-05	A49-213	
Р9	S50400	SPA 26 /	D 3573 /	(16)				(3)		HFS	CAT.2	TU Z 10	A49-213	

		STPA 26	G 3458						629-470		CD 9		
P11	K11597	SPA 23 / STPA 23		13CrMo44	17175	1.7335	(8)	3604	HFS 621	CAT.2	TU 10 CD 5.05	A49-213	
P12	K44562	SPA 22 / STPA 22		13CrMo44	17175	1.7335		3604	HFS 620-440	CAT.2			(3)
P22	K21590	SPA 24 / STPA 24		10CrMo910	17175	1.7380		3604	HFS 622	CAT.2	TTU 10 CD 9.10	A49-213	

JIS Number and Corresponding Foreign Standards

JIS	<u> </u>		ASTM			BS			DIN			NF			ISO			Indov
Standard Number		Туре	Standard Number	Grade	Туре	Standard Number	Grade	Туре	Standard Number	Grade	Type	Standard Number	Grade	Туре	Standard Number	Grade	Туре	Index Number
G3458	STPA12	Мо	A335	P1	Мо													C006
	STPA20	CrMo	A335	P2	CrMo							A49-213	TU15CD205	CrMo				
		CrMo	A355	P12	CrMo	3604	HFS620-460	CrMo	17175	13CrMo44	CrMo							
							CFS620-460	CrMo										
	STPA22						ERW620-460	CrMo										
]						CEW620-460	CrMo										
							HFS620-440	CrMo										
							CFS620-440	CrMo										
							ERW620-440	CrMo										
							CEW620-440	CrMo										
		CrMo	A355	P11	CrMo	3604	HFS621	CrMo				A49-213	TU10CD5.05	CrMo				
	STPA23						CFS621	CrMo										
							ERW621	CrMo										
							CEW621	CrMo										
	STPA24	CrMo	A355	P22	CrMo	3604	HFS622	CrMo	17175	10CrMo910	CrMo	A49-213	TU10CD9.10	CrMo				

							CFS622	CrMo								
	STPA25	CrMo	A355	P5	CrMo	3604	HFS625	CrMo		A49-21	TUZ12CD0.05	CrMo	2604/2	TS37	CrMo	
							CFS625	CrMo								
		CrMo	A355	P9	CrMo	3604	HFS629-470	CrMo		A49-213	TUZ10CD9	CrMo				
							CFS629-470	CrMo			_					

JIS Number and Corresponding Foreign Standards

JIS			ASTM			BS			NF			ISO			Index
Standard Number	Grade	Туре	Standard Number	Grade	Type	Standard Number	Grade	Туре	Standard Number	Grade	Type	Standard Number	Grade	Туре	Number
G3460		С	A333	Gr1	С	3608	HFS410LT50	С				2604/2	TS6	С	C007
	STPL380						CFS410LT50	С				2604/3	TW6	С	
	(STPL39)						ERW410LT50	С							
							CEW410LT50	С							
		Ni	A333	Gr3	Ni	3603	HFS503	Ni	A49-230	TU10N14	Ni	2604/2	TS43	Ni	
	STPL440						LT100								
	(STPL450)						CFS503	Ni							
							LT100								
		Ni	A333	Gr8	Ni	3605	HFS503	Ni	A49-230	TU26N9	Ni	2604/2	TS45	Ni	
	STPL690						LT196								
	(STPL70)						CFS503	Ni							
						"	LT196								